## **CLAIMS**

- 1. (Currently amended) A method of processing data streams in a contention-based WLAN system, the method comprising:
- (A) generating two or more sub-streams corresponding to a first data stream, wherein the two or more sub-streams comprise a base sub-stream and at least one enhancement sub-stream;
- (B) assigning priority to each <u>of the two or more</u> sub-streams, wherein at least two <u>of said base and enhancement</u> sub-streams have different priorities; and
- (C) transmitting data corresponding to each <u>of the two or more</u> sub-streams based on the assigned priority.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the contention-based WLAN system conforms to an IEEE 802.11 standard and supports a quality of service (QoS) facility.
  - 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the first data stream is a hierarchical stream and step (A) comprises partitioning the hierarchical stream based on the hierarchy of said stream to produce the two or more sub-streams.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first data stream is an embedded stream and step (A) comprises generating the two or more sub-streams using an embedded encoder.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising, for each sub-stream, accumulating data corresponding to the sub-stream in a corresponding transmission queue.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, further comprising, for each queued data packet, (i) running a timer having a threshold value and (ii) discarding the data packet without transmission, when the timer reaches the threshold value.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein, for each enhancement packet, the timer starts when a corresponding base packet is transmitted.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein timers corresponding to different queues have different threshold values.
- 10. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step (B) comprises, for each of the two or more sub-streams, selecting parameters of a corresponding QoS parameter set.
  - 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
  - (D) generating two or more sub-streams corresponding to the transmitted data; and
- (E) processing the sub-streams of step (D) to generate an output data stream corresponding to the first data stream.

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12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
generating two or more sub-streams corresponding to a second data stream, wherein said
two or more sub-streams corresponding to the second data stream comprise a corresponding base
sub-stream and at least one corresponding enhancement sub-stream; and

assigning priority to each of said sub-streams <u>corresponding to the second data stream;</u> and

for each of the two or more sub-streams corresponding to the first data stream and the two or more sub-streams corresponding to the second data stream, accumulating data corresponding to the sub-stream in a corresponding transmission queue, wherein at least one of said transmission queues receives sub-stream data corresponding to each of the first and second data streams.

- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein at least one sub-stream corresponding to the first data stream and at least one sub-stream corresponding to the second data stream have the same priority.
- 14. (Currently amended) At a transmitting station in a contention-based WLAN system, apparatus adapted to process data streams, the apparatus comprising:
- (A) a device adapted to generate two or more sub-streams corresponding to a first data stream, wherein the two or more sub-streams comprise a base sub-stream and at least one enhancement sub-stream; and
- (B) a controller coupled to a transmitter, wherein:
  the transmitter is adapted to transmit data corresponding to the two or more sub-streams; and

the controller is adapted to (i) assign priority to each <u>of the two or more</u> sub-streams, wherein at least two <u>of said base and enhancement</u> sub-streams have different priorities and (ii) apply sub-stream data to the transmitter based on the assigned priority.

- 15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the contention-based WLAN system conforms to an IEEE 802.11 standard and supports a quality of service (QoS) facility.
  - 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the first data stream is a hierarchical stream and the device comprises a partitioner adapted to generate the two or more sub-streams based on the hierarchy of said stream.
- 18. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the first data stream is an embedded stream and the device comprises an embedded encoder adapted to generate the two or more sub-streams based on scalable coding.
- 19. (Original) The apparatus of claim 14, further comprising, for each sub-stream, a buffer adapted to queue data corresponding to the sub-stream before application to the transmitter.

- 20. (Original) The apparatus of claim 19, the controller is further adapted to, for each queued data packet, (i) run a timer having a threshold value and (ii) instruct the corresponding buffer to discard the data packet without application to the transmitter, when the timer reaches the threshold value.
- 21. (Original) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein, for each enhancement packet, the timer starts when a corresponding base packet is transmitted.
- 22. (Original) The apparatus of claim 20, wherein timers corresponding to different buffers have different threshold values.
- 23. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein the controller is adapted to, for each of the two or more sub-streams, select parameters of a corresponding QoS parameter set
- 24. (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 14, further comprising: a device adapted to generate two or more sub-streams corresponding to a second data stream, wherein:

said two or more sub-streams corresponding to the second data stream comprise a corresponding base sub-stream and at least one corresponding enhancement sub-stream; and the controller is adapted to assign priority to each of said two or more sub-streams

corresponding to the second data stream; and

two or more buffers, each adapted to queue data corresponding to a sub-stream before application to the transmitter, wherein at least one of said two or more buffers receives substream data corresponding to each of the first and second data streams.

- 25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24, wherein at least one sub-stream corresponding to the first data stream and at least one sub-stream corresponding to the second data stream have the same priority.
- 26. (Currently amended) At a receiving station in a contention-based WLAN system, apparatus adapted to generate an output data stream corresponding to a first data stream applied to a transmitting station in said system, the apparatus comprising:
- (A) a processor coupled to a receiver, the processor adapted to generate two or more sub-streams corresponding to data received by the receiver from the transmitting station; and
- (B) a first device coupled to the processor and adapted to process the two or more sub-streams generated by the processor to generate the output data stream, wherein the transmitting station comprises:
- (i) a second device adapted to generate two or more sub-streams corresponding to the first data stream, wherein said two or more sub-streams corresponding to the first data stream comprise a base sub-stream and at least one enhancement sub-stream; and
  - (ii) a controller coupled to a transmitter, wherein:

the transmitter is adapted to transmit data corresponding to the two or more sub-streams generated by the second device; and

the controller is adapted to (i) assign priority to each <u>of the two or more</u> sub-streams generated by the second device, wherein at least two of said base and enhancement

sub-streams have different priorities and (ii) apply sub-stream data to the transmitter based on the assigned priority.

- 27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein the contention-based WLAN system conforms to an IEEE 802.11 standard and supports a quality of service (QoS) facility.
  - 28. (Canceled)
  - 29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein:

the first and output data streams are hierarchical streams;

the second device comprises a partitioner adapted to generate, using scalable coding, the two or more sub-streams generated by the second device; and

the first device comprises a reconstructor adapted to combine the two or more sub-streams generated by the processor to produce the output data stream.

30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein:

the first and output data streams are embedded streams;

the second device comprises an embedded encoder adapted to generate the two or more sub-streams generated by the second device; and

the first device comprises an embedded decoder adapted to process the two or more sub-streams generated by the processor to produce the output data stream.

31. (Currently amended) A contention-based WLAN system, comprising a transmitting station and a receiving station, wherein:

the transmitting station is adapted to:

generate two or more sub-streams corresponding to a first data stream, wherein said two or more sub-streams corresponding to the first data stream comprise a base sub-stream and at least one enhancement sub-stream;

assign priority to each <u>of said two or more</u> sub-streams <u>corresponding to the first</u> <u>data stream</u>, wherein at least two <u>of said base and enhancement</u> sub-streams <u>corresponding to the first data stream</u> have different priorities; and

transmit data corresponding to the two or more sub-streams <u>corresponding to the first data stream</u> based on the assigned priority; and

the receiving station is adapted to:

generate two or more sub-streams corresponding to data received from the transmitting station; and

process said two or more generated sub-streams to generate an output data stream corresponding to the first data stream.

32. The system of claim 31, wherein the contention-based WLAN system conforms to an IEEE 802.11 standard and supports a quality of service (QoS) facility.

33-34. (Canceled)

35. (New) The system of claim 31, wherein: the base sub-stream is adapted to be decoded independently; and

each of said enhancement sub-streams is adapted to be decoded based on data contained in the base sub-stream.

## 36. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein:

the base sub-stream is adapted to be decoded independently; and each of said enhancement sub-streams is adapted to be decoded based on data contained in the base sub-stream.

## 37. (New) The apparatus of claim 14, wherein:

the base sub-stream is adapted to be decoded independently; and each of said enhancement sub-streams is adapted to be decoded based on data contained in the base sub-stream.

## 38. (New) The apparatus of claim 26, wherein:

the base sub-stream is adapted to be decoded independently; and each of said enhancement sub-streams is adapted to be decoded based on data contained in the base sub-stream.